Lung Cancer Fact Sheet

Lung cancer is the leading cancer killer in both men and women in the U.S.¹



Every 4 minutes, someone in the U.S. dies of lung cancer.²

The Significant Unmet Need

LIFETIME DIAGNOSIS RATE

Currently, 1 in 16 people in the U.S. can expect to receive a lung cancer diagnosis.^{2,3}

LUNG CANCER MORTALITY RATE

Lung cancer kills almost three times as many women as breast cancer, and almost three times as many men as prostate cancer.^{2,3}

NO. 1 CANCER KILLER AMONG WOMEN

Lung cancer is the leading cancer killer among women in the U.S.²

RATE INCREASE IN WOMEN

During the past 39 years, the lung cancer death rate has fallen 29% among men while increasing 102% among women.^{2,3}

DEATHS NATIONWIDE

An estimated 127,070 lung cancer deaths are expected to occur in 2023 in the U.S., accounting for about 1 in 5 of all cancer deaths nationwide.^{4,5}

DEATHS WORLDWIDE

An estimated 1,796,144 lung cancer deaths occurred in 2020 globally, which accounts for about 18% of all cancer deaths worldwide.⁶

DEATHS PER DAY

Lung cancer kills 382 people each day in the U.S.²

DIAGNOSIS PER DAY

An estimated **238,340 people** in the U.S. will be diagnosed with lung cancer in 2023 with a new diagnosis every 2.2 minutes.^{1,3}

NOT ONLY SMOKERS GET LUNG CANCER

In the U.S, people who **never smoked** account for approximately **20%** of lung cancer diagnoses each year. An estimated **47,660 non-smokers will be** diagnosed with lung cancer in 2023.³

EARLY DIAGNOSIS SURVIVAL RATE

If lung cancer is caught early, before it spreads to the lymph nodes and other organs, the likelihood of surviving 5 years or more improves to 60%.²

LUNG CANCER CARE

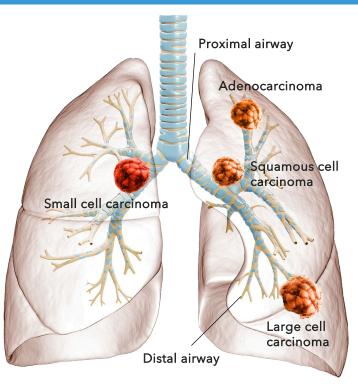
Only 6% of federal government dollars spent on cancer research was spent on lung cancer research in 2022.1



Lung Cancer Fact Sheet

Where NSCLC & SCLC Begin⁷

Forms of Lung Cancer





Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)



Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC)

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) 5,8

- Accounts for about 80% to 85% of all lung cancer cases
- · Larger-sized cells that are typically slower-growing
- Most common types
 - Adenocarcinoma (Approx. 40% of NSCLC)
 - Squamous cell carcinoma (Approx. 30% of NSCLC)
 - Large cell carcinoma (10-15% of NSCLC)
- Less aggressive vs. SCLC
- · Diagnosed at a later stage (Only 25% diagnosed at stage 1 or 2)

Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC) 8,9

- Accounts for about 10% to 20% of all lung cancer cases
- Smaller-sized cells that grow and spread quickly
- Starts in the airways (bronchi)
- Poorer prognosis compared to NSCLC, regardless of stage
 - The 5-year survival rate in the U.S. is 8% for women and 6% for men
 - Around 94% of people with SCLC are diagnosed after the cancer has spread outside the lung

Lung Cancer Risk Factors^{10,11}



- Smoking
- Exposure to second-hand smoke
- Previous radiation therapy
- Exposure to radon gas
- · Exposure to asbestos and other carcinogens
- A family history of lung cancer

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